

## 1.8 Traces of gamma matrices

Now compute the traces using the fundamental relation  $\{\gamma^\alpha, \gamma^\beta\} = 2\eta^{\alpha\beta}$ , and the cyclic property of the trace,  $tr(A \dots BC) = tr(CA \dots B)$ . First, we can show that the trace of the product of any odd number of  $\gamma$ -matrices vanishes by using  $\gamma_5^2 = 1$  and  $\{\gamma_5, \gamma^\alpha\} = 0$ ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 tr \left( \underbrace{\gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta}_{2n+1} \right) &= tr \left( 1 \gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta \right) \\
 &= tr \left( \gamma_5 \gamma_5 \gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma_5 \gamma^\alpha \gamma_5 \dots \gamma^\beta \right) \\
 &= (-1)^{2n+1} tr \left( \gamma_5 \gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta \gamma_5 \right) \\
 &= (-1)^{2n+1} tr \left( \gamma_5 \gamma_5 \gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \dots \gamma^\beta \right) \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

For even products, we will need traces of products of 2, 4, 6 and 8 gamma matrices.

$$\begin{aligned}
 tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \right) &= tr \left( -\gamma^\beta \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} 1 \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\alpha \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr(1) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \right) + 8\eta^{\alpha\beta} \\
 tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \right) &= 4\eta^{\alpha\beta}
 \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\begin{aligned}
 tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) &= tr \left( \left( -\gamma^\beta \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} 1 \right) \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\beta \left( -\gamma^\mu \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\mu\alpha} \right) \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 &= tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\nu \right) - 2\eta^{\mu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 &= tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \left( -\gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\nu\alpha} \right) - 2\eta^{\mu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \right) \\
 &= -tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\alpha \right) + 2\eta^{\nu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \right) - 2\eta^{\mu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 2tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) &= 2\eta^{\nu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \right) - 2\eta^{\mu\alpha} tr \left( \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu \right) + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} tr \left( \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) \\
 tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \right) &= 4\eta^{\nu\alpha} \eta^{\beta\mu} - 4\eta^{\mu\alpha} \eta^{\beta\nu} + 4\eta^{\alpha\beta} \eta^{\mu\nu}
 \end{aligned}$$

For six, we use the simple pattern to more quickly find

$$\begin{aligned}
 tr \left( \gamma^\alpha \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma \right) &= tr \left( \left( -\gamma^\beta \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} 1 \right) \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma \right) \\
 &= tr \left( -\gamma^\beta \left( 2\eta^{\alpha\mu} - \gamma^\mu \gamma^\alpha \right) \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma \right) \\
 &= tr \left( -\gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma \gamma^\alpha + 2\eta^{\alpha\sigma} \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho - 2\eta^{\alpha\rho} \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\sigma + 2\eta^{\alpha\nu} \gamma^\beta \gamma^\mu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma - 2\eta^{\alpha\mu} \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma + 2\eta^{\alpha\beta} \gamma^\mu \gamma^\nu \gamma^\rho \gamma^\sigma \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

and from here we can use the result for the trace of four,

$$\begin{aligned}
tr\left(\gamma^\alpha\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma\right) &= tr\left(\eta^{\alpha\sigma}\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho - \eta^{\alpha\rho}\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\sigma + \eta^{\alpha\nu}\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma - \eta^{\alpha\mu}\gamma^\beta\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma + \eta^{\alpha\beta}\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma\right) \\
&= 4\eta^{\alpha\sigma}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\rho} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\rho} + \eta^{\rho\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\rho}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\sigma\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\nu}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\mu\rho}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\mu}\left(\eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\beta}\left(\eta^{\mu\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\mu\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\mu\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

or, perhaps more mnemonically,

$$\begin{aligned}
tr\left(\gamma^\alpha\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma\right) &= 4\eta^{\alpha\beta}\left(\eta^{\mu\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\mu\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\mu\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\mu}\left(\eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\nu}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\mu\rho}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\rho}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\sigma\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\sigma}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\rho} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\rho} + \eta^{\rho\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right)
\end{aligned}$$

From this, if we don't run out of Greek letters, we can immediately write the result for eight gammas:

$$\begin{aligned}
tr\left(\gamma^\alpha\gamma^\beta\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma\gamma^\lambda\gamma^\tau\right) &= 4\eta^{\alpha\beta}\left(\eta^{\mu\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\mu\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\mu\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\mu}\left(\eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\nu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\nu\rho}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\nu}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\rho\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\rho}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\beta\sigma}\eta^{\mu\rho}\right) - 4\eta^{\alpha\rho}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\sigma} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\sigma} + \eta^{\sigma\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right) \\
&\quad + 4\eta^{\alpha\sigma}\left(\eta^{\beta\mu}\eta^{\nu\rho} - \eta^{\beta\nu}\eta^{\mu\rho} + \eta^{\rho\beta}\eta^{\mu\nu}\right)
\end{aligned}$$